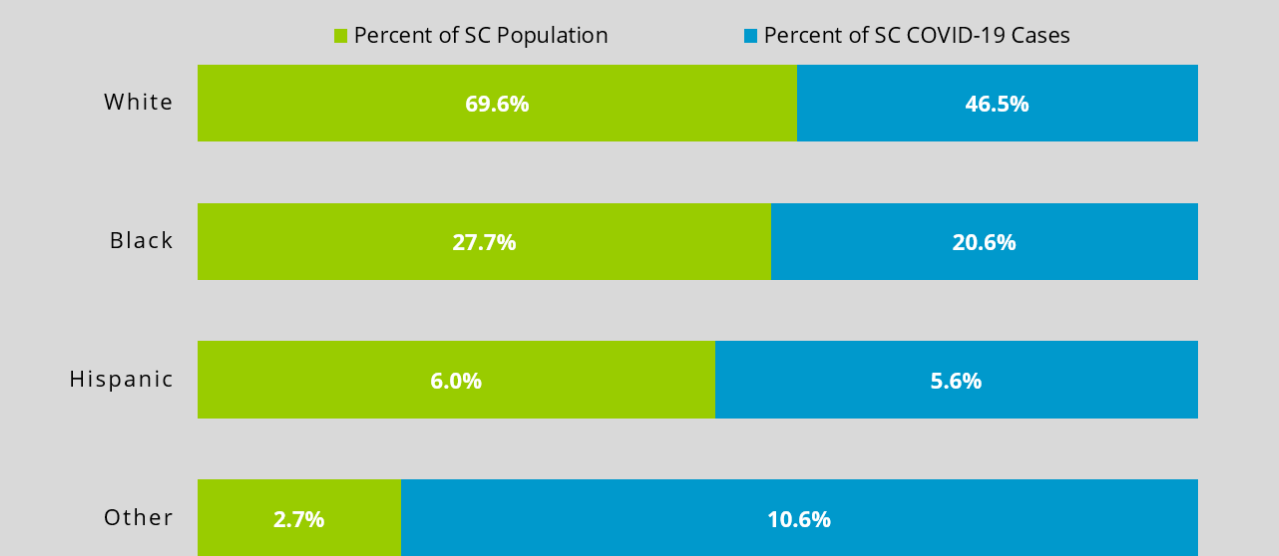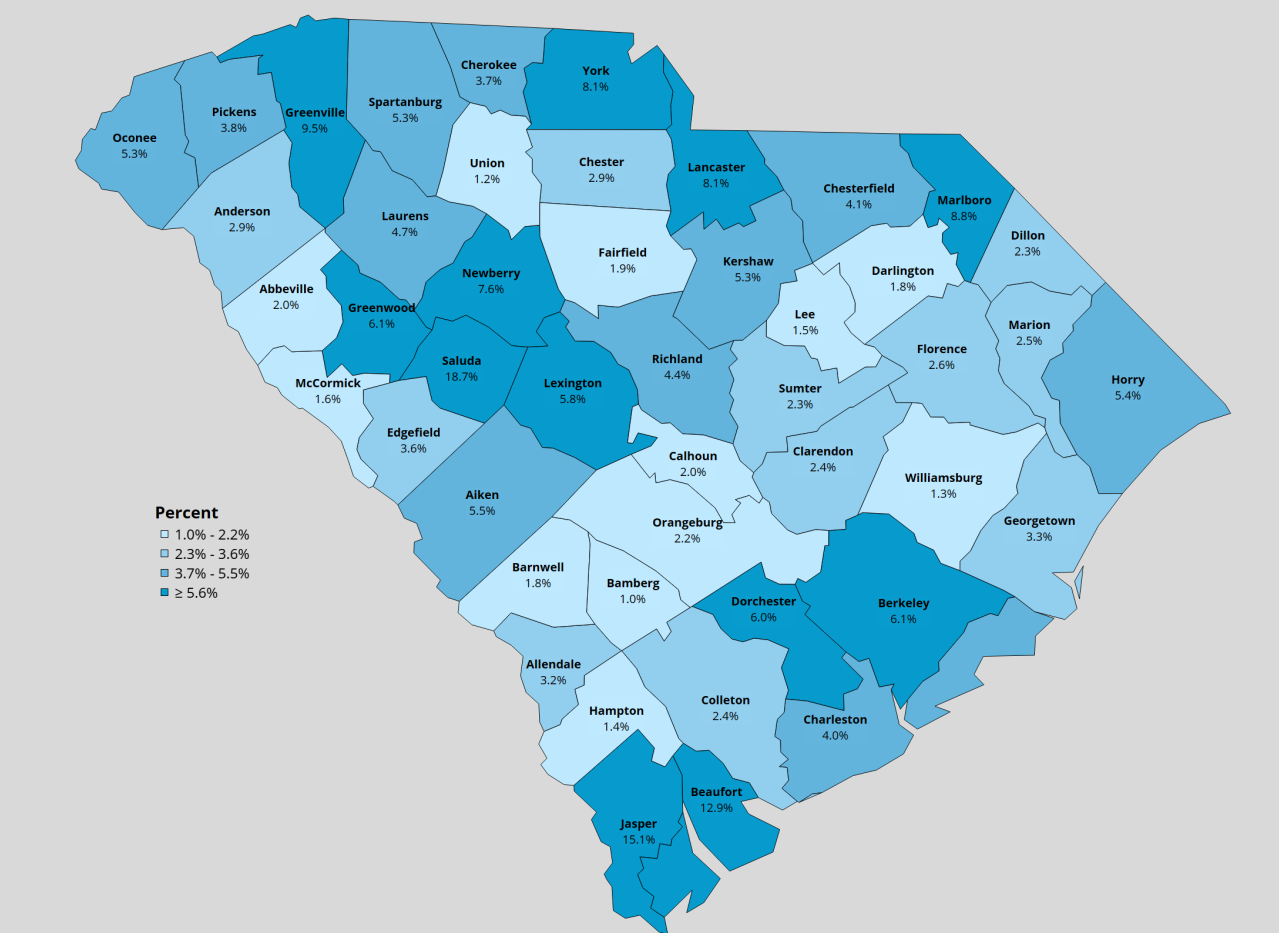# COVID-19 AMONG HISPANICS IN SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparing General Population and COVID-19 Cases in South Carolina, by Race/Ethnicity

■ Percent of SC Population   ■ Percent of SC COVID-19 Cases

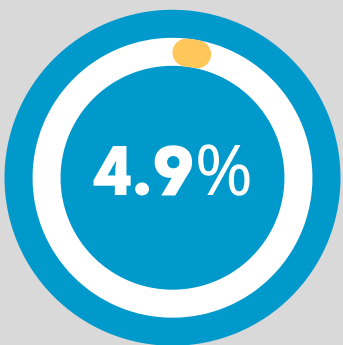| Race/Ethnicity	Percent of SC Population	Percent of SC COVID-19 Cases
White	69.6%	46.5%
Black	27.7%	20.6%
Hispanic	6.0%	5.6%
Other	2.7%	10.6%

Hispanics account for 5.6% of all COVID-19 cases in South Carolina, slightly lower than the percent in the general South Carolina population (6.0%).

Percent of Hispanic COVID-19 Cases to Total COVID-19 Cases, by County

Cherokee 3.7%
York 8.1%
Pickens 3.8%
Greenville 9.5%
Spartanburg 5.3%
Oconee 5.3%
Union 1.2%
Chester 2.9%
Lancaster 8.1%
Chesterfield 4.1%
Marlboro 8.8%
Anderson 2.9%
Laurens 4.7%
Fairfield 1.9%
Kershaw 5.3%
Darlington 1.8%
Dillon 2.3%
Abbeville 2.0%
Greenwood 6.1%
Newberry 7.6%
Lee 1.5%
Marion 2.5%
Florence 2.6%
McCormick 1.6%
Saluda 18.7%
Lexington 5.8%
Richland 4.4%
Sumter 2.3%
Horry 5.4%
Edgefield 3.6%
Calhoun 2.0%
Clarendon 2.4%
Williamsburg 1.3%
Georgetown 3.3%
Aiken 5.5%
Orangeburg 2.2%
Barnwell 1.8%
Bamberg 1.0%
Dorchester 6.0%
Berkeley 6.1%
Allendale 3.2%
Colleton 2.4%
Charleston 4.0%
Hampton 1.4%
Beaufort 12.9%
Jasper 15.1%

Percent
☐ 1.0% - 2.2%
☐ 2.3% - 3.6%
☐ 3.7% - 5.5%
☐ ≥ 5.6%

Saluda County sees the largest percent of cases being among Hispanics with Hispanics representing 18.7% of the total cases. Bamberg County sees the lowest percent with 1.0%.
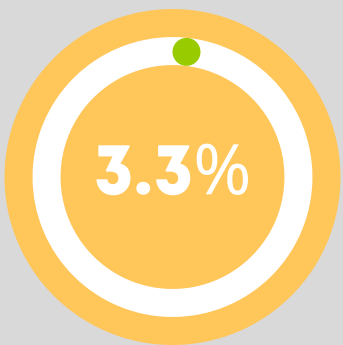
4.9%

DIABETES
4.9% of Hispanic individuals who had COVID-19 reported being diagnosed with diabetes, lower than non-Hispanics (7.9%)

4.1%

ASTHMA
4.1% of Hispanic individuals who had COVID-19 reported being diagnosed with asthma, lower than non-Hispanics (5.2%)
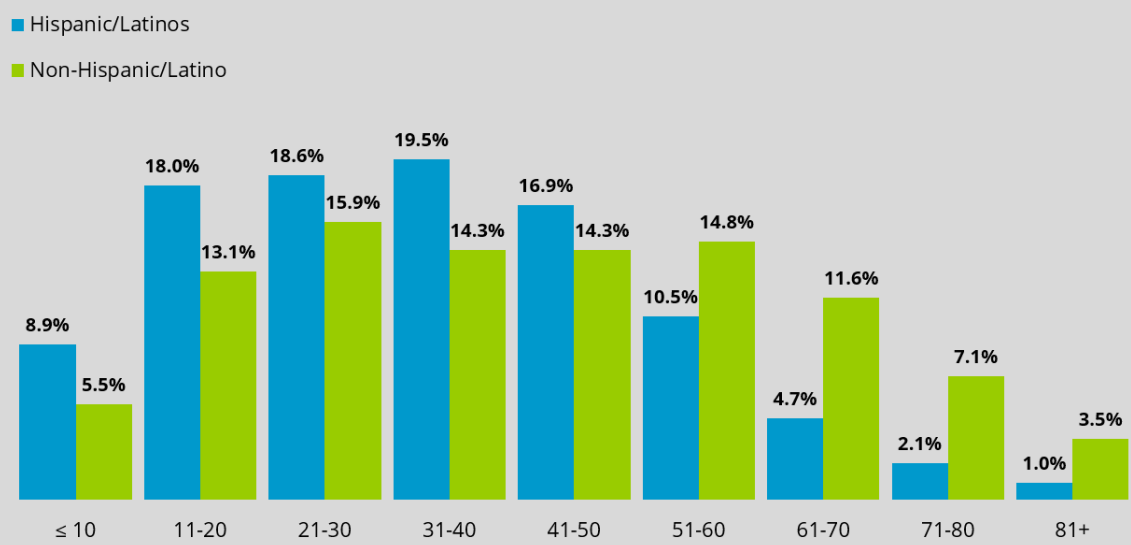
3.3%

CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE
3.3% of Hispanic individuals who had COVID-19 reported being diagnosed with cardiovascular disease, lower than non-Hispanics (9.3%)
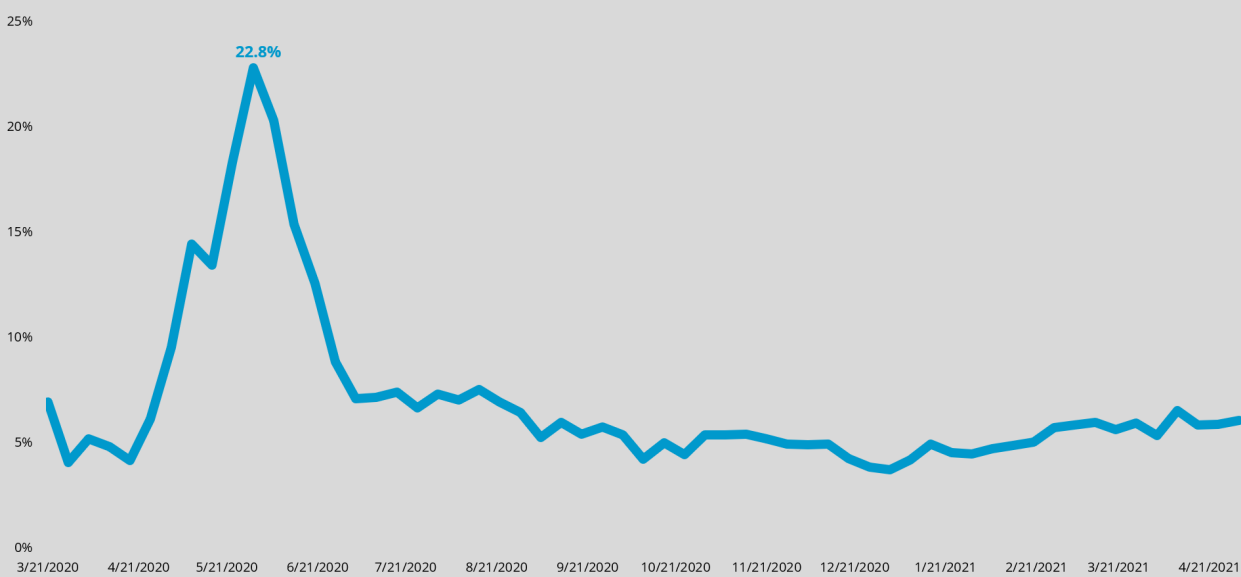
COVID-19 AMONG HISPANICS IN SOUTH CAROLINA

COMPARING AGE AMONG COVID-19 CASES

■ Hispanic/Latinos
■ Non-Hispanic/Latino

Age	Hispanic/Latinos	Non-Hispanic/Latino
≤ 10	8.9%	5.5%
11-20	18.0%	13.1%
21-30	18.6%	15.9%
31-40	19.5%	14.3%
41-50	16.9%	14.3%
51-60	10.5%	14.8%
61-70	4.7%	11.6%
71-80	2.1%	7.1%
81+	1.0%	3.5%

The average age of **Hispanics** who tested positive for COVID-19 is **33.8 years**, lower than non-Hispanics which is 42.1 years. The percent of Hispanic COVID-19 cases that occur in children ≤ 10 is 61.8% higher than non-Hispanics.

PERCENT OF HISPANIC/LATINO COVID-19 CASES, BY WEEK ENDING ON

22.8%

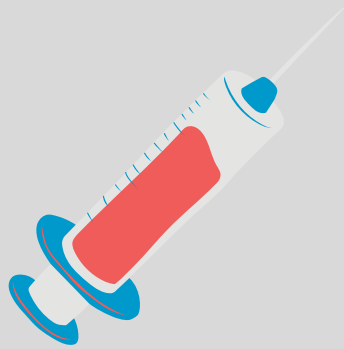(Line chart from 3/21/2020 to 4/21/2021, y-axis 0% to 25%)

Nearly 1 in 4 COVID-19 cases from the week ending on May 30th were among Hispanic/Latinos, the highest proportion to date.

3.4% of Hispanic/Latinos with COVID-19 were **hospitalized** at the time of illness, compared to 5.3% of non-Hispanics.

The average age of Hispanics who were hospitalized was 52.4 years, over a decade younger than the average non-Hispanic hospitalized for COVID-19 (66.2 years).

SUMMARY

5.6% of individuals diagnosed with COVID-19 are **Hispanic/Latinos**. Hispanic cases are generally younger than their non-Hispanic counterparts and report less comorbidities.

It is important to note that Hispanics should get vaccinated when able to help reduce the spread of COVID-19.